

Micropower, Dual Precision Instrumentation Switched Capacitor Building Block

FEATURES

- Low Power, $I_S = 60\mu\text{A}(\text{Max})$
- Robust, Latch Up Proof
- Instrumentation Front End with 120dB CMRR
- Precise, Charge-Balanced Switching
- Operates from 5V to 18V
- Internal or External Clock
- Operates up to 5MHz Clock Rate
- Two Independent Sections with One Clock
- Tiny SSOP-16 Package

APPLICATIONS

- Ultra Precision Voltage Inverters, Multipliers and Dividers
- V-F and F-V Converters
- Sample-and-Hold
- Current Sources
- Precision Instrumentation Amplifiers

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DESCRIPTION

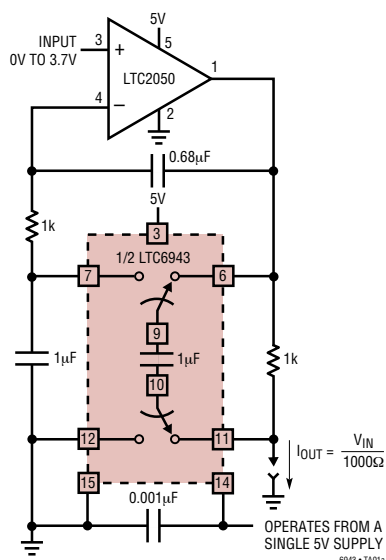
The LTC[®]6943 is a monolithic, charge-balanced, dual switched capacitor instrumentation building block. A pair of switches alternately connects an external capacitor to an input voltage and then connects the charged capacitor across an output port. The internal switches have a break-before-make action. An internal clock is provided and its frequency can be adjusted with an external capacitor. The LTC6943 can also be driven with an external CMOS clock.

The LTC6943, when used with low clock frequencies, provides ultra precision DC functions without requiring precise external components. Such functions are differential voltage to single-ended conversion, voltage inversion, voltage multiplication and division by 2, 3, 4, 5, etc.

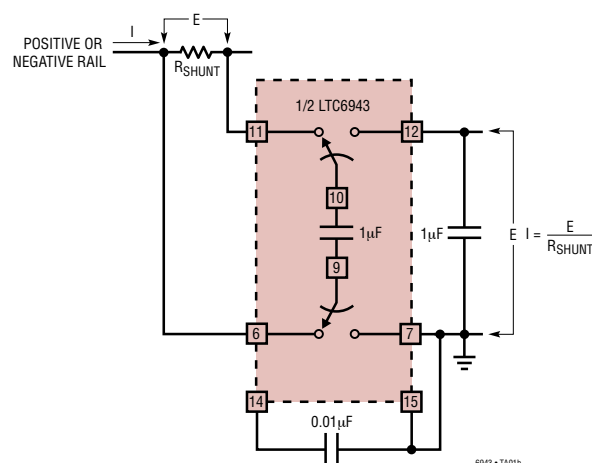
The LTC6943 is manufactured using Linear Technology's enhanced LTCMOS[™] silicon gate process, and it is functionally compatible with the LTC1043.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

Precision Voltage Controlled Current Source with Ground Referred Input and Output



Precision Current Sensing in Supply Rails



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

Supply Voltage	18V
Input Voltage at Any Pin	$-0.3V \leq V_{IN} \leq V^+ + 0.3V$
Operating Temperature Range	
(Note 2)	-40°C to 125°C
Specified Temperature Range	
(Note 2)	-40°C to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec).....	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

<p>GN PACKAGE 16-LEAD NARROW PLASTIC SSOP $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 110^{\circ}\text{C/W}$</p>	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LTC6943CGN LTC6943IGN LTC6943HGN
	GN PART MARKING
	6943C 6943I 6943H

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. $V^+ = 10\text{V}$, $V^- = 0\text{V}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LTC6943C LTC6943I			LTC6943H			UNITS	
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
I_S	Power Supply Current	Pin 14 Connected High or Low	●	40	60	90	40	60	90	μA
		C_{OSC} (Pin 14 to V^-) = 100pF	●	80	150	170	80	150	170	μA
I_I	OFF Leakage Current	Any Switch, Test Circuit 1 (Note 3)	●	6	100	40	6	100	200	pA nA
			●	240	400	700	240	400	700	Ω Ω
R_{ON}	ON Resistance	Test Circuit 2, $V_{IN} = 7\text{V}$, $I = \pm 0.5\text{mA}$ $V^+ = 10\text{V}$, $V^- = 0\text{V}$	●	400	700	1	400	700	1	Ω k Ω
f_{OSC}	Internal Oscillator Frequency	C_{OSC} (Pin 14 to V^-) = 0pF	●	20	185	50	20	185	50	kHz
		C_{OSC} (Pin 14 to V^-) = 100pF	●	12	30	75	10	30	75	kHz
		Test Circuit 3	●							
I_{OSC}	Pin Source or Sink Current	Pin 14 at V^+ or V^-	●	40	70	100	40	70	100	μA μA
		Break-Before-Make Time		25			25			ns
		Clock to Switching Delay	C_{OSC} Pin Externally Driven		75			75		
f_M	Maximum External CLK Frequency	C_{OSC} Pin Externally Driven with CMOS Levels		5			5			MHz
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V^+ = 5\text{V}$, $V^- = -5\text{V}$, $-5\text{V} < V_{CM} < 5\text{V}$ DC to 400Hz		120			120			dB

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: All versions of the LTC6943 are guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of -40°C to 125°C . The LTC6943CGN is guaranteed to meet 0°C to 70°C specifications and is designed, characterized and expected to meet the specified performance from -40°C

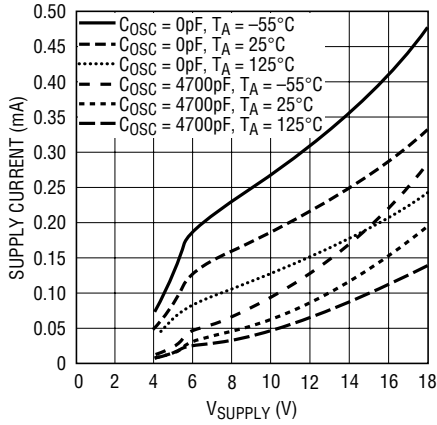
to 85°C but it is not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures.

The LTC6943IGN is guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C . The LTC6943HGN is guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 125°C .

Note 3: OFF leakage current at 25°C is guaranteed by design and it is not 100% tested in production.

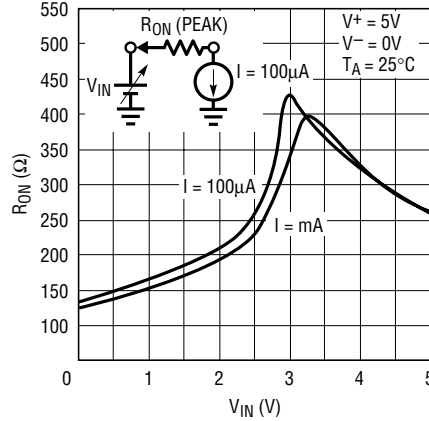
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Test Circuits 2 through 4)

Power Supply Current vs Power Supply Voltage



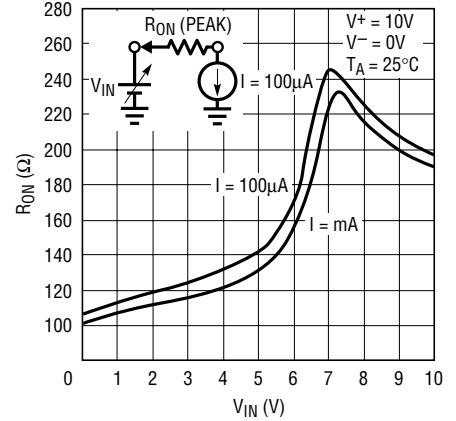
6943 TPC01

R_{ON} vs V_{IN}



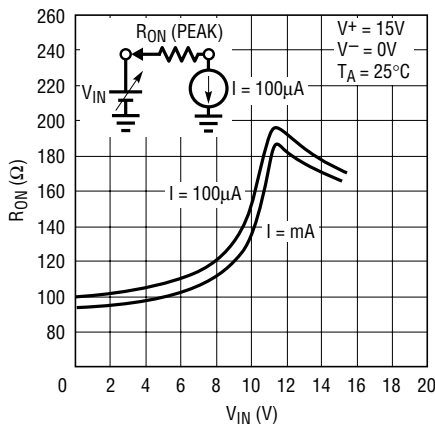
LTC1043 • TPC02

R_{ON} vs V_{IN}



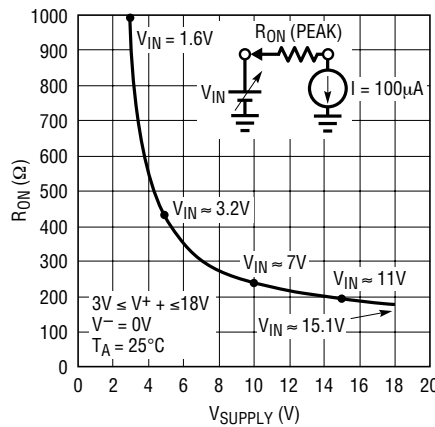
LTC1043 • TPC03

R_{ON} vs V_{IN}



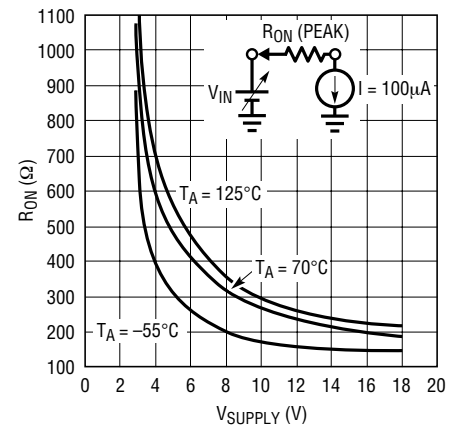
LTC1043 • TPC04

R_{ON} (Peak) vs Power Supply Voltage



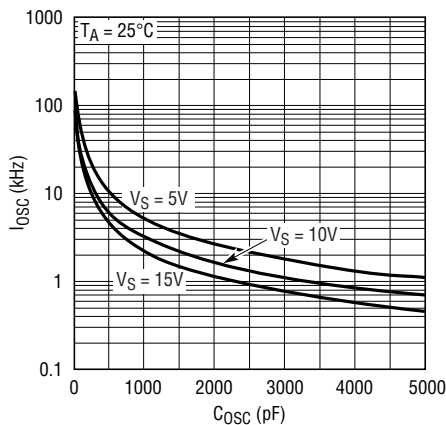
LTC1043 • TPC05

R_{ON} (Peak) vs Power Supply Voltage and Temperature



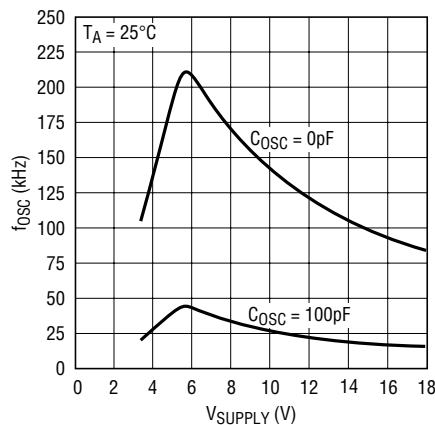
LTC1043 • TPC06

Oscillator Frequency, f_{OSC} vs C_{OSC}



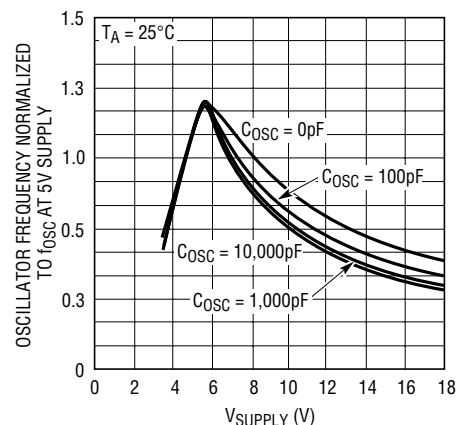
6943 TPC07

Oscillator Frequency, f_{OSC} vs Supply Voltage



6943 TPC08

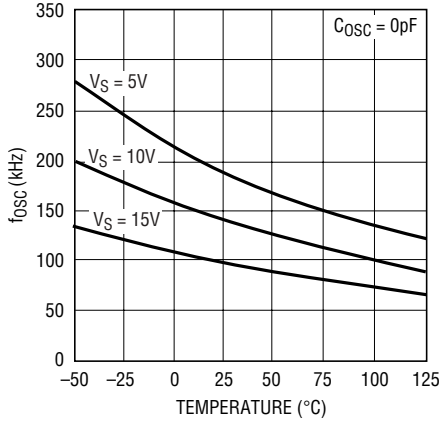
Normalized Oscillator Frequency, f_{OSC} vs Supply Voltage



6943 TPC09

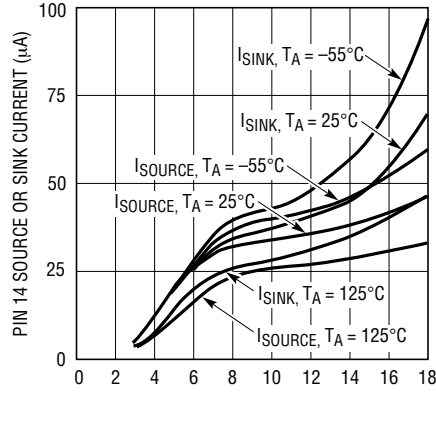
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Test Circuits 2 through 4)

Oscillator Frequency, f_{osc} vs Ambient Temperature



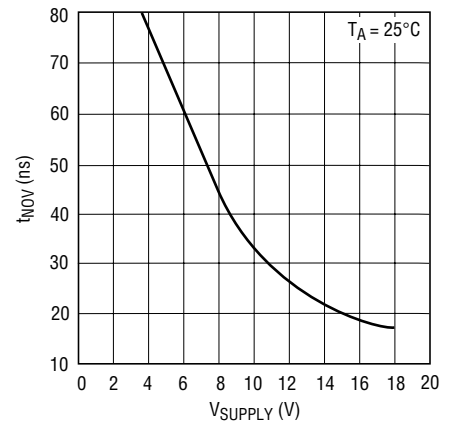
6943 TPC10

C_{osc} Pin I_{SINK} , I_{SOURCE} vs Supply Voltage



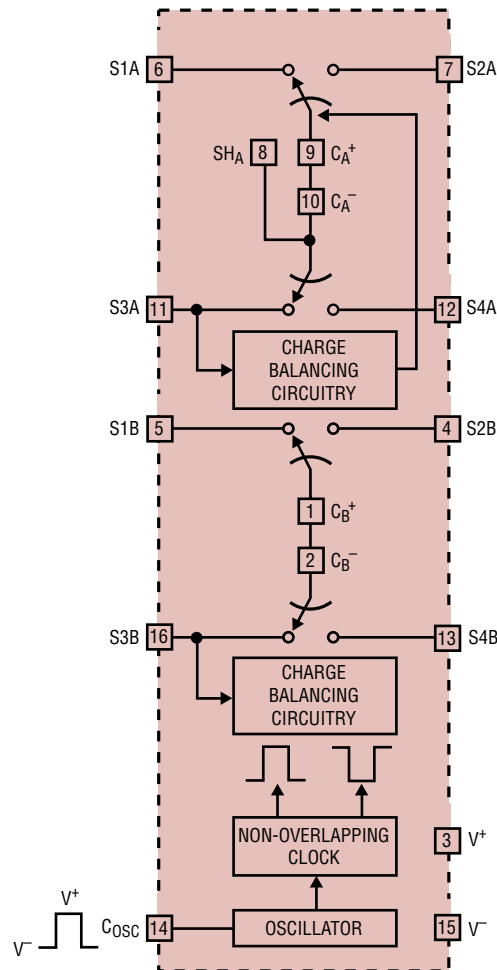
LTC1043 • TPC11

Break-Before-Make Time, t_{NOV} , vs Supply Voltage



LTC1043 • TPC12

BLOCK DIAGRAM



THE CHARGE BALANCING CIRCUITRY SAMPLES THE VOLTAGE AT S3 WITH RESPECT TO S4 (PIN 14 HIGH) AND INJECTS A SMALL CHARGE AT THE C⁺ PIN (PIN 14 LOW). THIS BOOSTS THE CMRR WHEN THE LTC6943 IS USED AS AN INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIER FRONT END. FOR MINIMUM CHARGE INJECTION IN OTHER TYPES OF APPLICATIONS, S3A AND S3B SHOULD BE GROUNDED

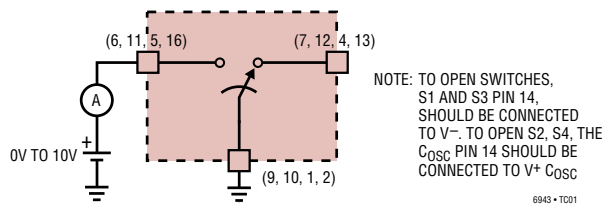
THE SWITCHES ARE TIMED AS SHOWN WITH PIN 14 HIGH

6943 • BD01

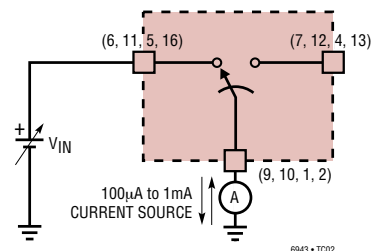
6943f

TEST CIRCUITS

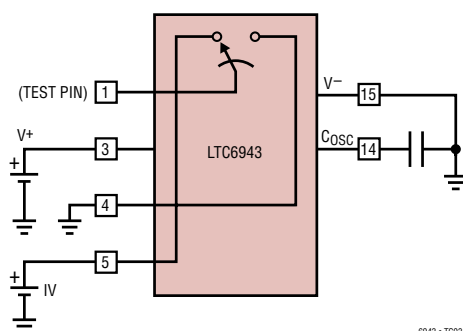
Test Circuit 1. Leakage Current Test



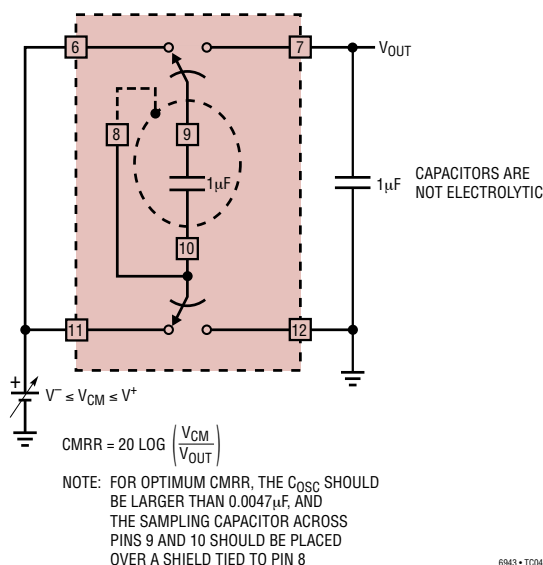
Test Circuit 2. R_{ON} Test



Test Circuit 3. Oscillator Frequency, f_{OSC}



Test Circuit 4. CMRR Test



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)

The LTC6943, when used as a differential to single-ended converter rejects common mode signals and preserves differential voltages (Figure 1). Unlike other techniques, the LTC6943's CMRR does not degrade with increasing common mode voltage frequency. During the sampling mode, the impedance of Pins 1, 2 (and 9, 10) should be balanced, otherwise, common mode signals will appear differentially. The value of the CMRR depends on the value of the sampling and holding capacitors (C_S , C_H) and on the sampling frequency. Since the common mode voltages are not sampled, the common mode signal frequency can well exceed the sampling frequency without experiencing aliasing phenomena. The CMRR of Figure 1 is measured by shorting Pins 6 and 11 and by observing, with a

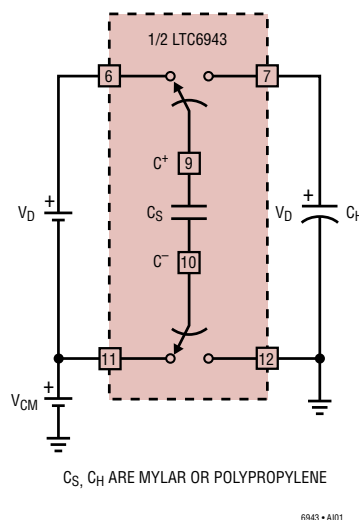


Figure 1. Differential to Single-Ended Converter

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

precision DVM, the change of the voltage across C_H with respect to an input CM voltage variation. During the sampling and holding mode, charges are being transferred and minute voltage transients will appear across the holding capacitor. Although the R_{ON} on the switches is low enough to allow fast settling, as the sampling frequency increases, the rate of charge transfer increases and the average voltage measured with a DVM across it will increase proportionally; this causes the CMRR of the sampled data system, as seen by a “continuous” instrument (DVM), to decrease (Figure 2).

Switch Charge Injection

Figure 3 shows one out of the eight switches of the LTC6943, configured as a basic sample-and-hold circuit. When the switch opens, a “hold step” is observed and its magnitude depends on the value of the input voltage. Figure 4 shows charge injected into the hold capacitor. For instance, a 2pC of charge injected into a $0.01\mu\text{F}$ capacitor causes a $200\mu\text{V}$ hold step. As shown in Figure 4, there is a predictable and repeatable charge injection cancellation when the input voltage is close to half the supply voltage of the LTC6943. This is a unique feature of this product, containing charge-balanced switches fabricated with a self-aligning gate CMOS process. Any switch of the LTC6943, when powered with symmetrical dual supplies, will sample-and-hold small signals around ground without any significant error.

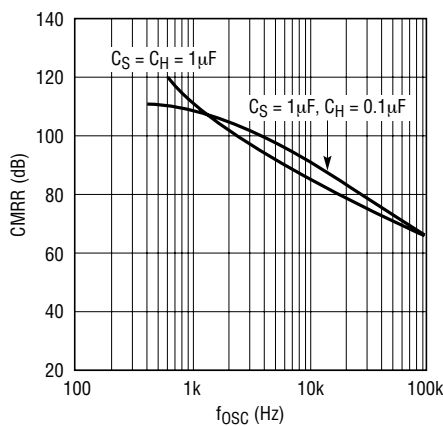


Figure 2. CMRR vs Sampling Frequency

Shielding the Sampling Capacitor for Very High CMRR

Internal or external parasitic capacitors from the C^+ pin(s) to ground affect the CMRR of the LTC6943 (Figure 1). The common mode error due to the internal junction capacitances of the C^+ Pin(s) 1 and 9 is cancelled through internal circuitry. The C^+ pin, therefore, should be used as the top plate of the sampling capacitor. A shield placed underneath the sampling capacitor and connected to C^- helps to boost the CMRR to 120dB (Figure 5).

Excessive external parasitic capacitance between the C^- pins and ground indirectly degrades CMRR; this becomes visible especially when the LTC6943 is used with clock frequencies above 2kHz. Because of this, if a shield is used, the parasitic capacitance between the shield and circuit ground should be minimized.

It is recommended that the outer plate of the sampling capacitor be connected to the C^- pin(s).

C_{OSC} Pin (14)

The C_{OSC} pin can be used with an external capacitor, C_{OSC} , connected from Pin 14 to Pin 15, to modify the internal oscillator frequency. If Pin 16 is floating, the internal 24pF capacitor, plus any external interpin capacitance, set the oscillator frequency around 190kHz with $\pm 5\text{V}$ supply. The typical performance characteristics curves provide the necessary information to set the oscillator frequency for various power supply ranges. Pin 14 can also be driven with an external CMOS level clock to override the internal oscillator.

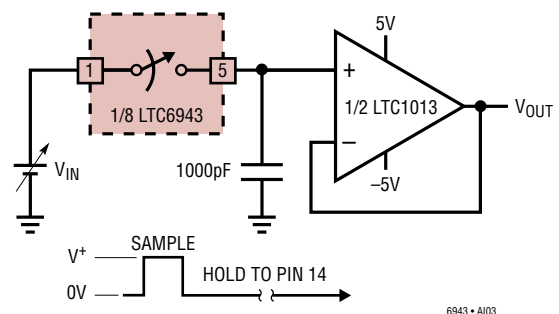


Figure 3

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

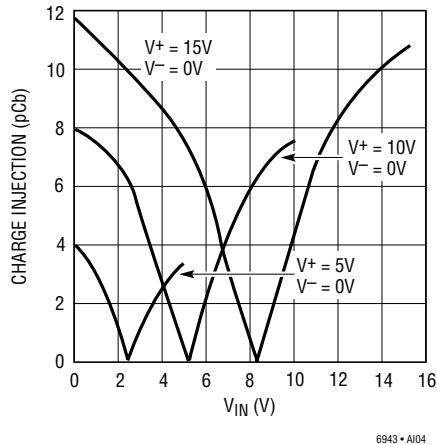


Figure 4. Individual Switch Charge Injection vs Input Voltage

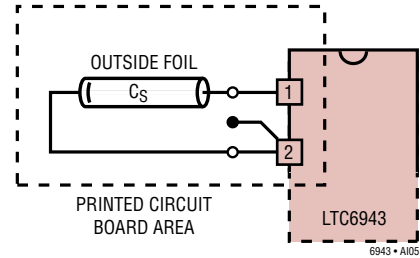
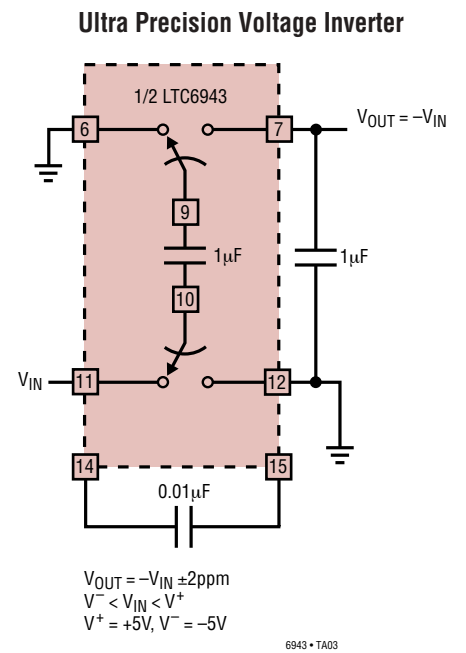
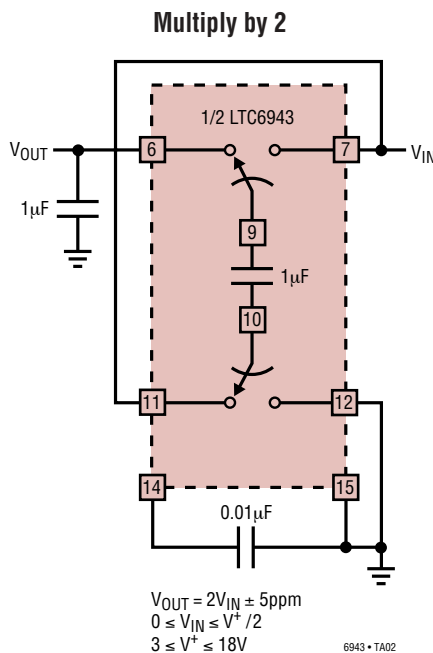
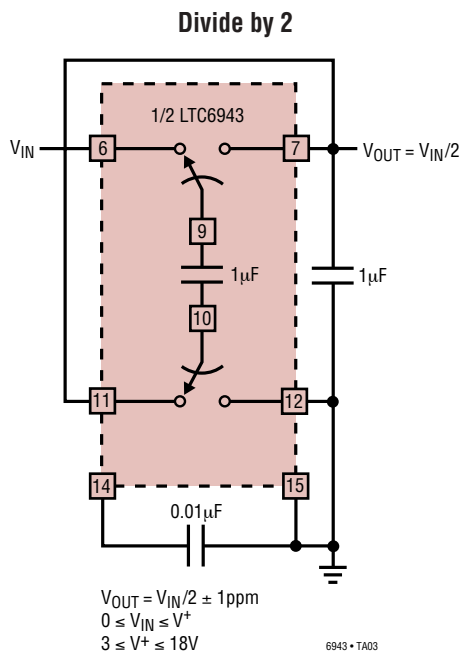


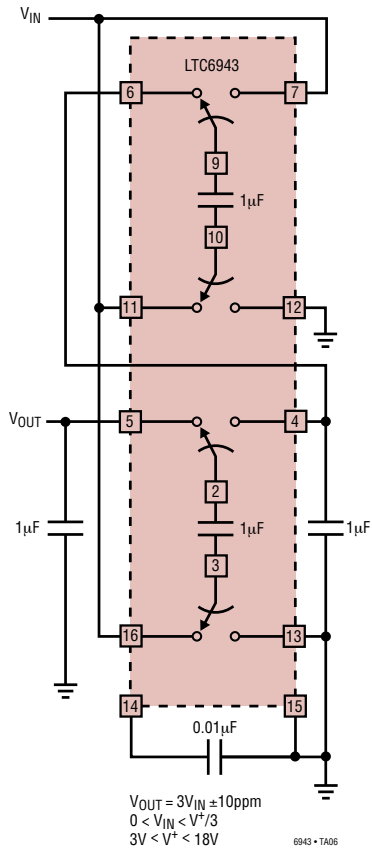
Figure 5. Printed Circuit Board Layout Showing Shielding the Sampling Capacitor

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

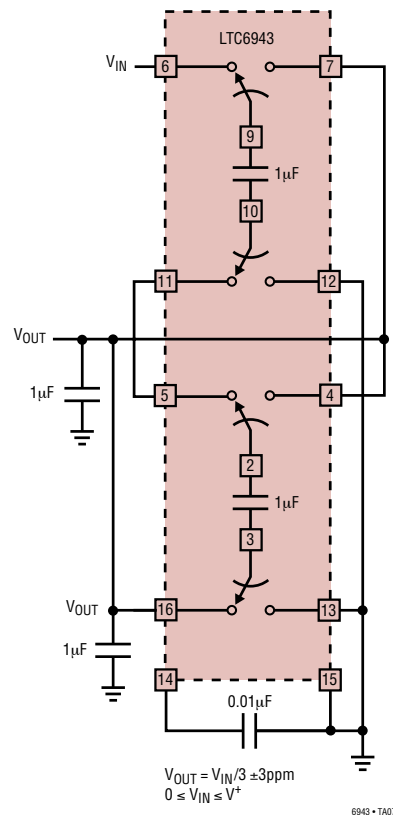


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

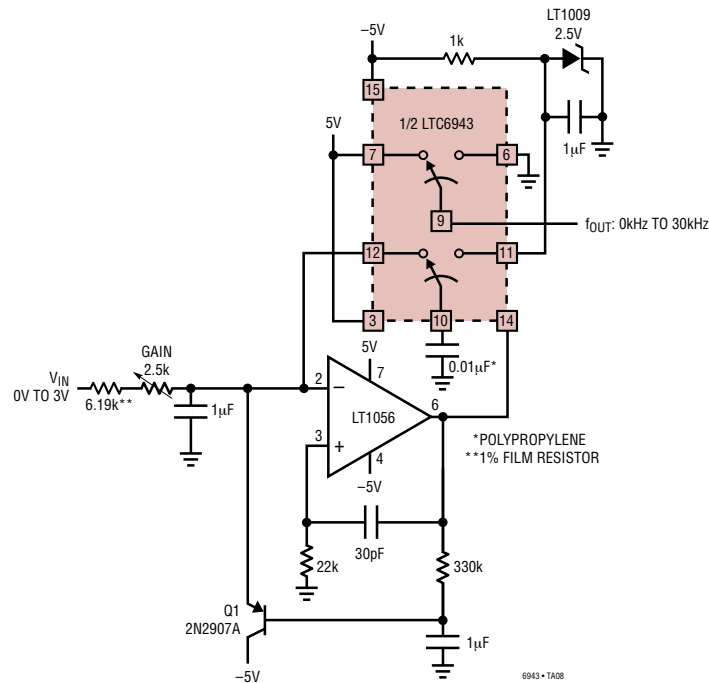
Precision Multiply by 3



Divide by 3

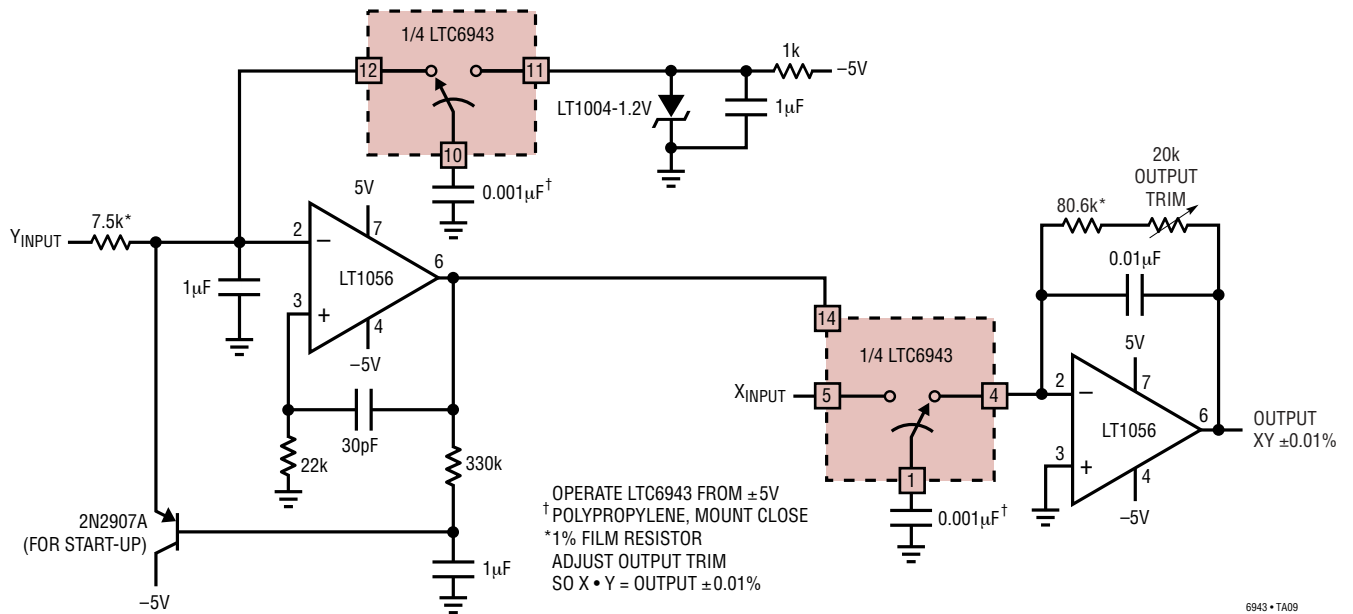


0.01% V/F Converter

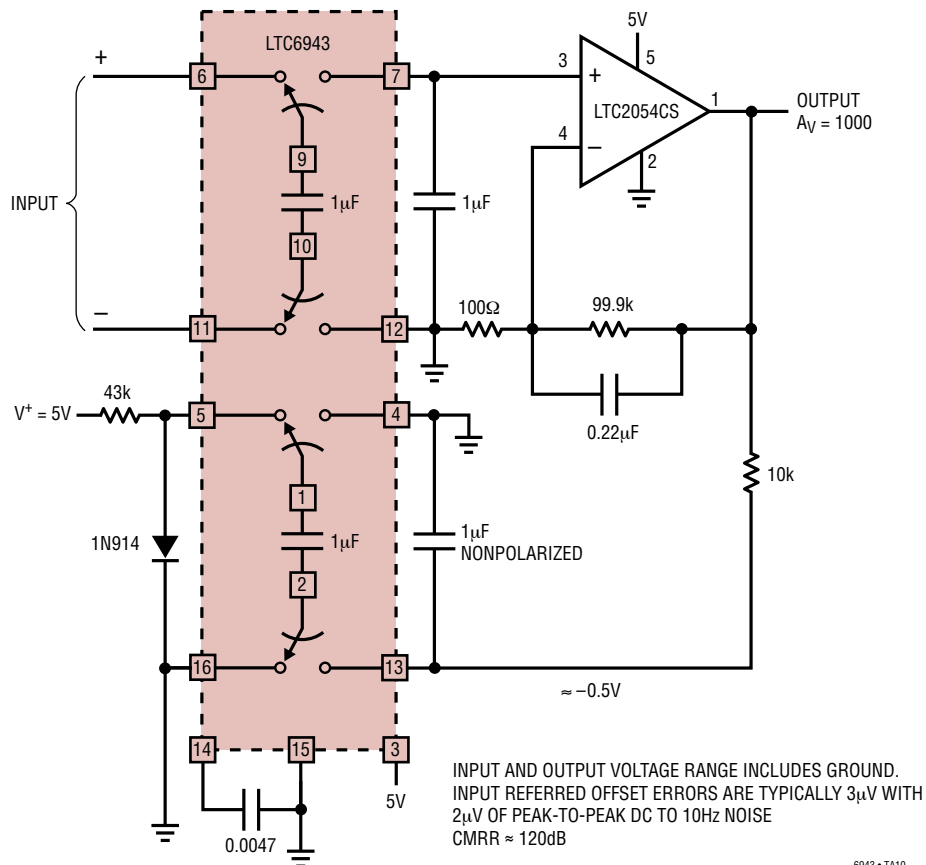


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

0.01% Analog Multiplier

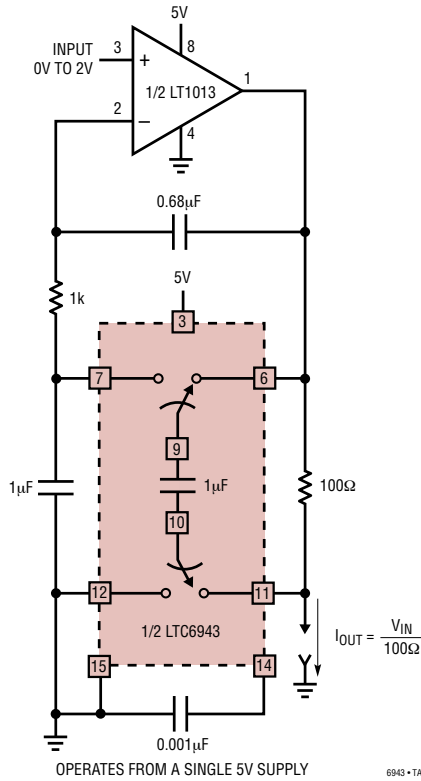


Single 5V Supply, Ultra Precision Low Power with True Rail-to-Rail In/Out Instrumentation Amplifier

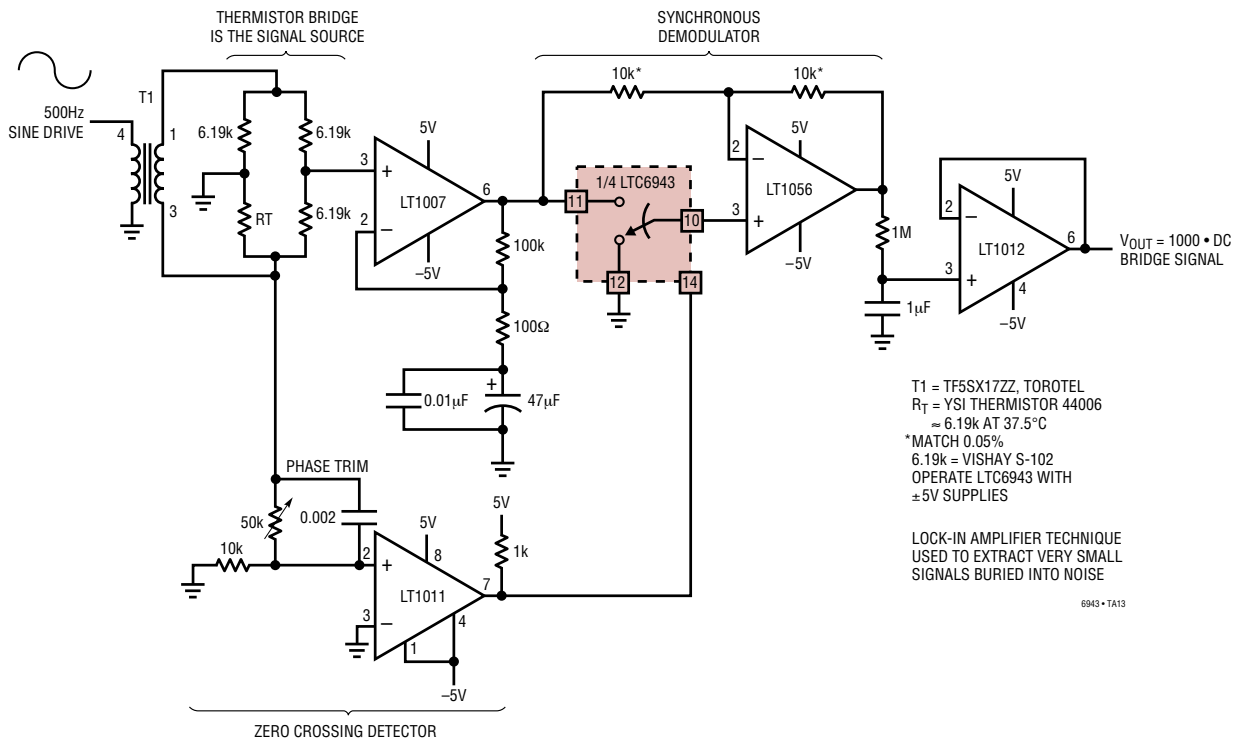


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Voltage Controlled Current Source with Ground Referred Input and Output

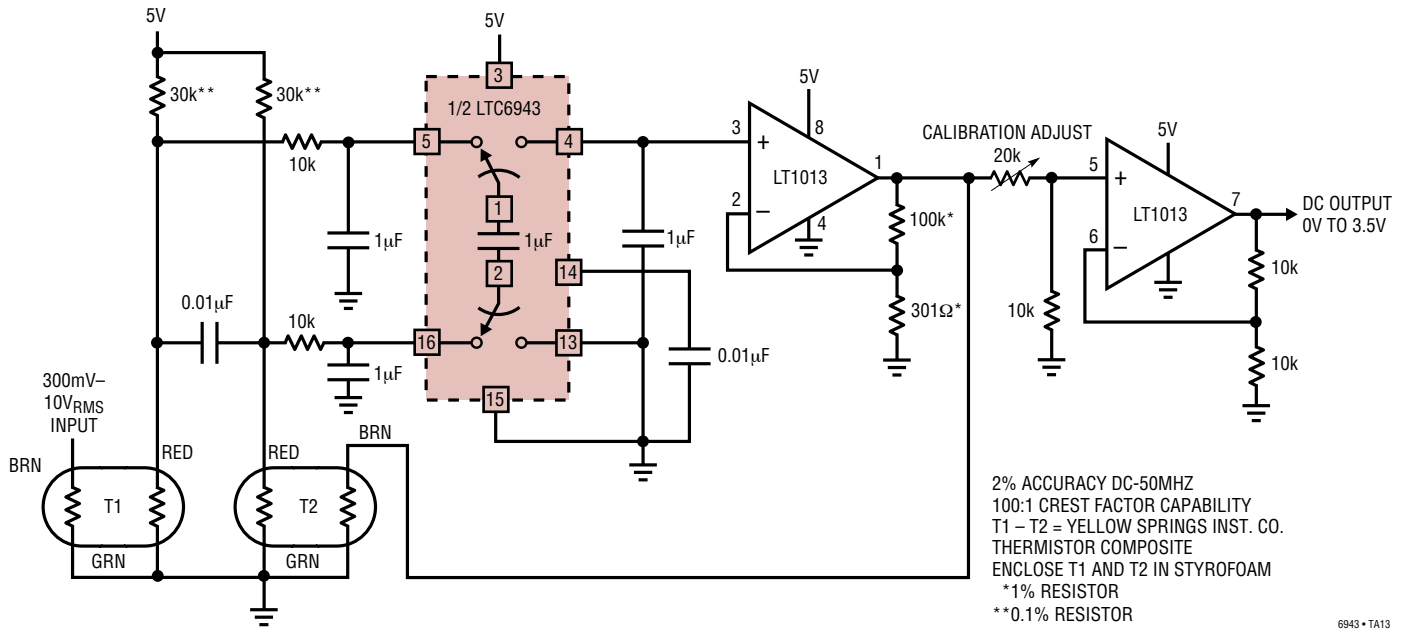


Lock-In Amplifier (= Extremely Narrow-Band Amplifier)

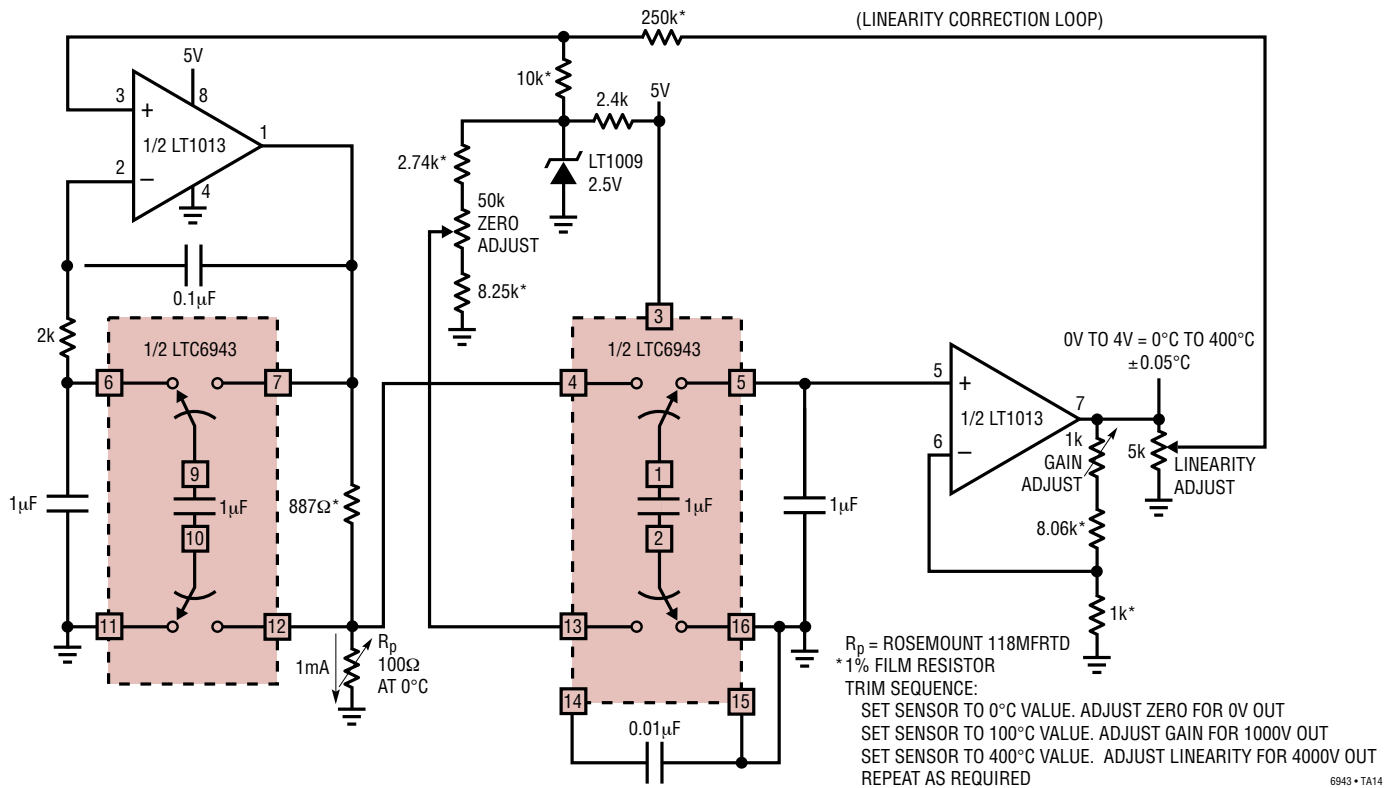


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

50MHz Thermal RMS/DC Converter

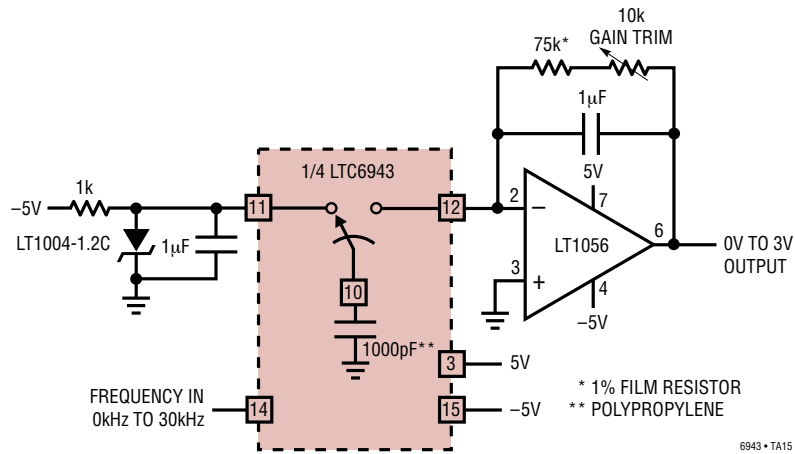


Single Supply Precision Linearized Platinum RTD Signal Conditioner



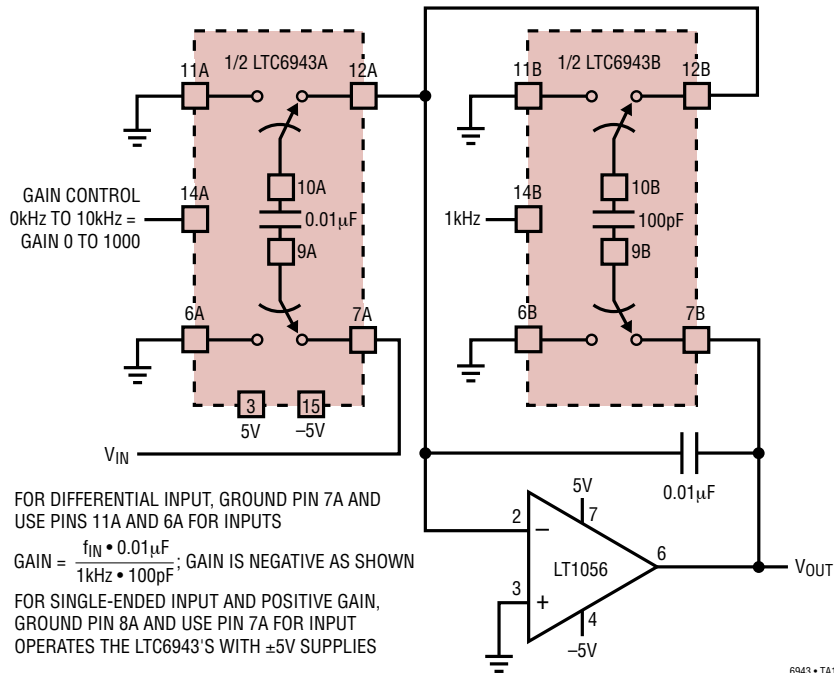
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

0.01% F/V Converter



6943 • TA15

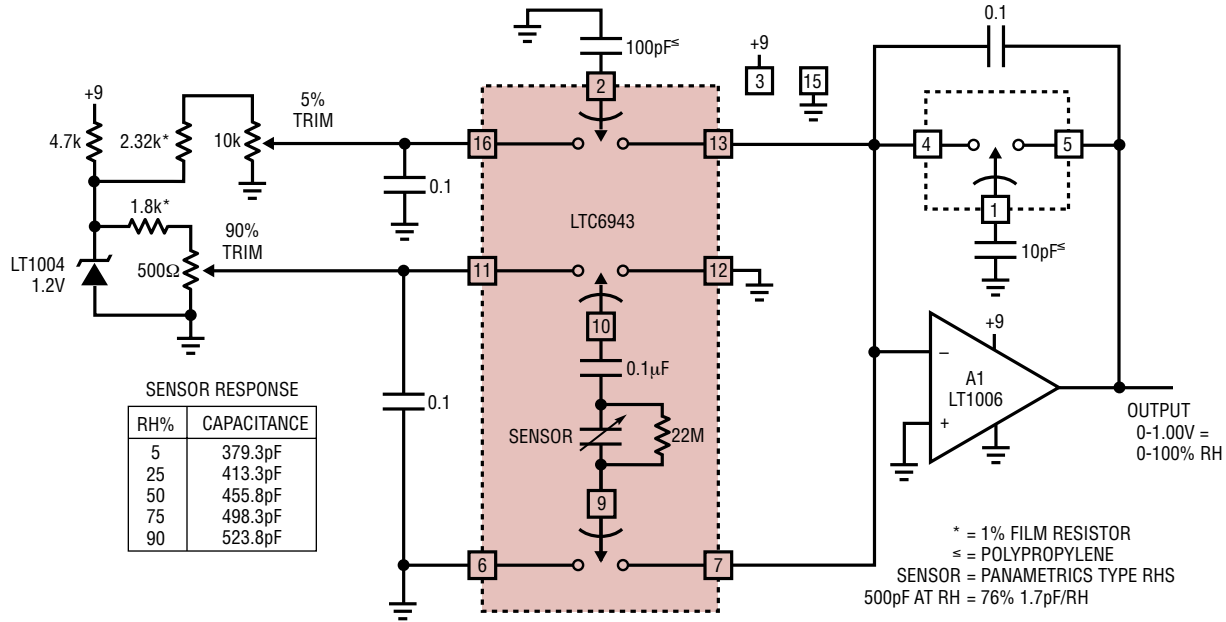
Frequency-Controlled Gain Amplifier



6943 • TA16

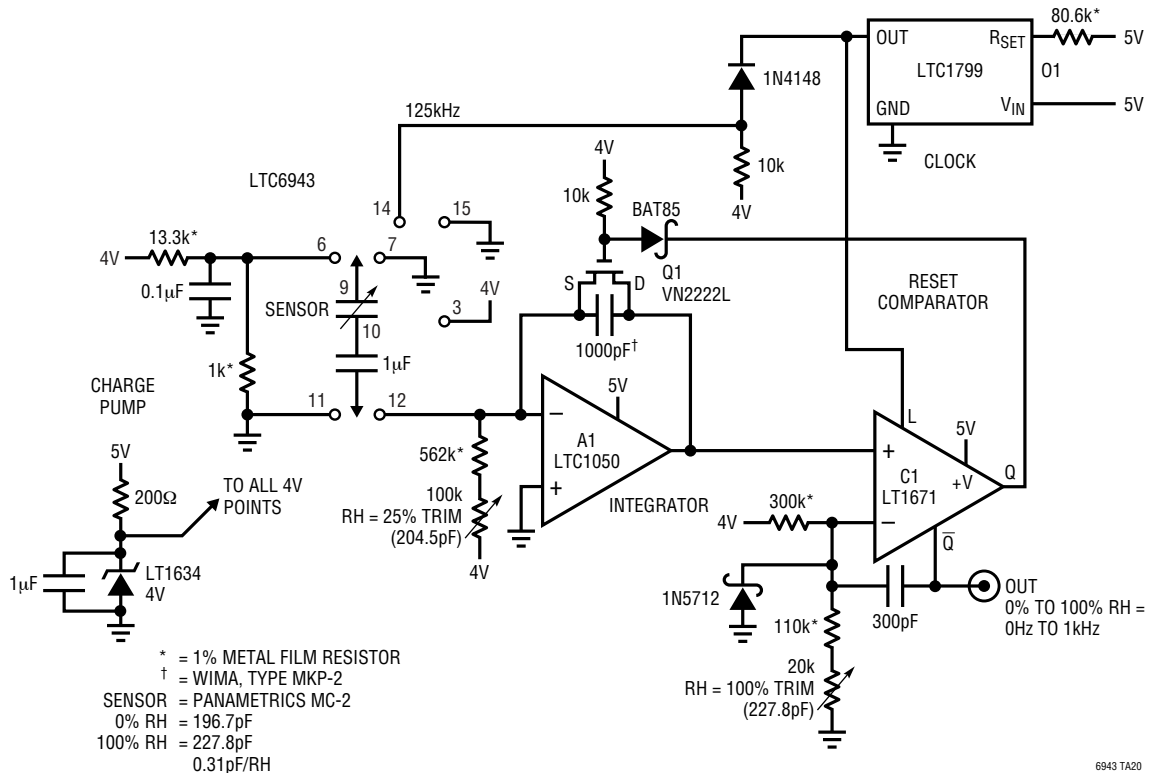
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Battery Powered Relative Humidity Sensor Signal Conditioner



6943 TA17

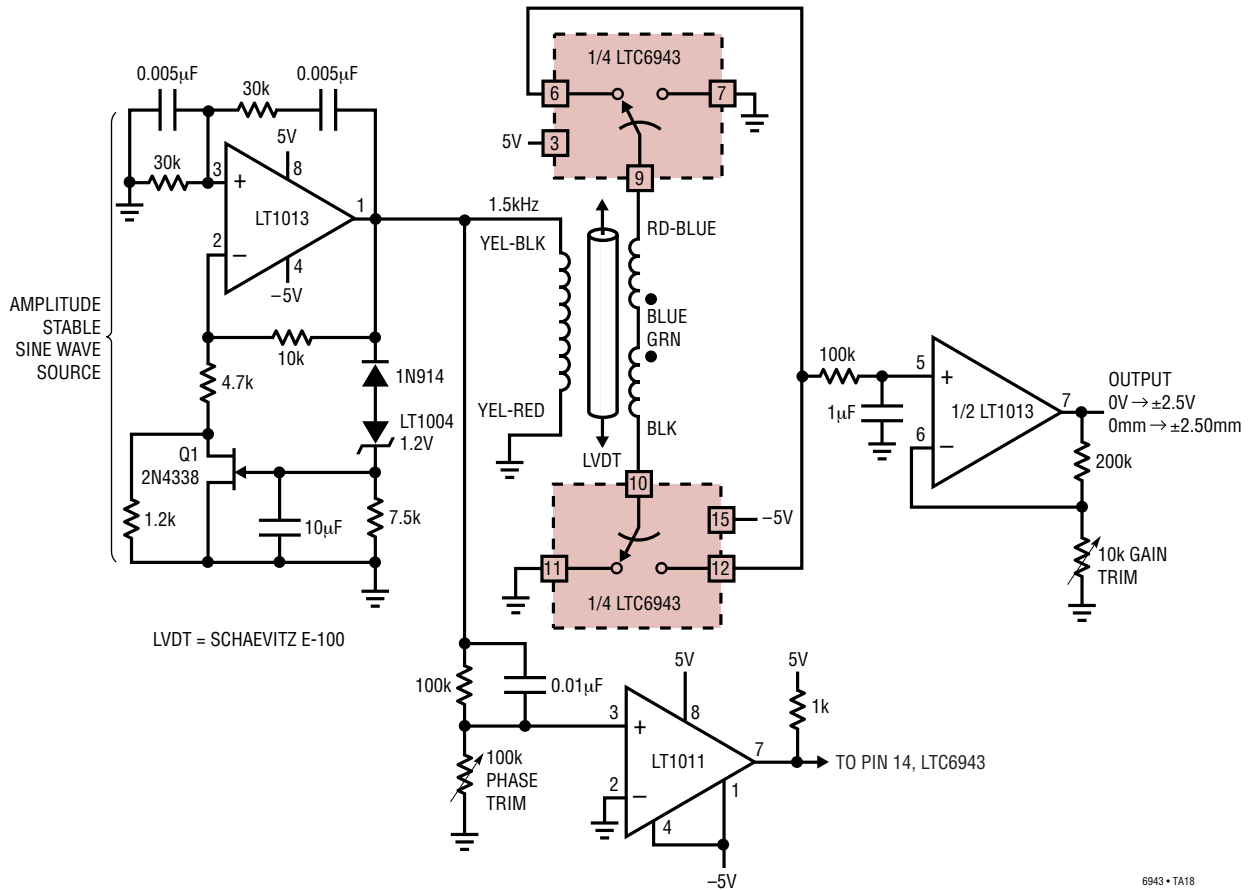
5V Powered, Frequency Output, Relative Humidity Sensor Signal Conditioner



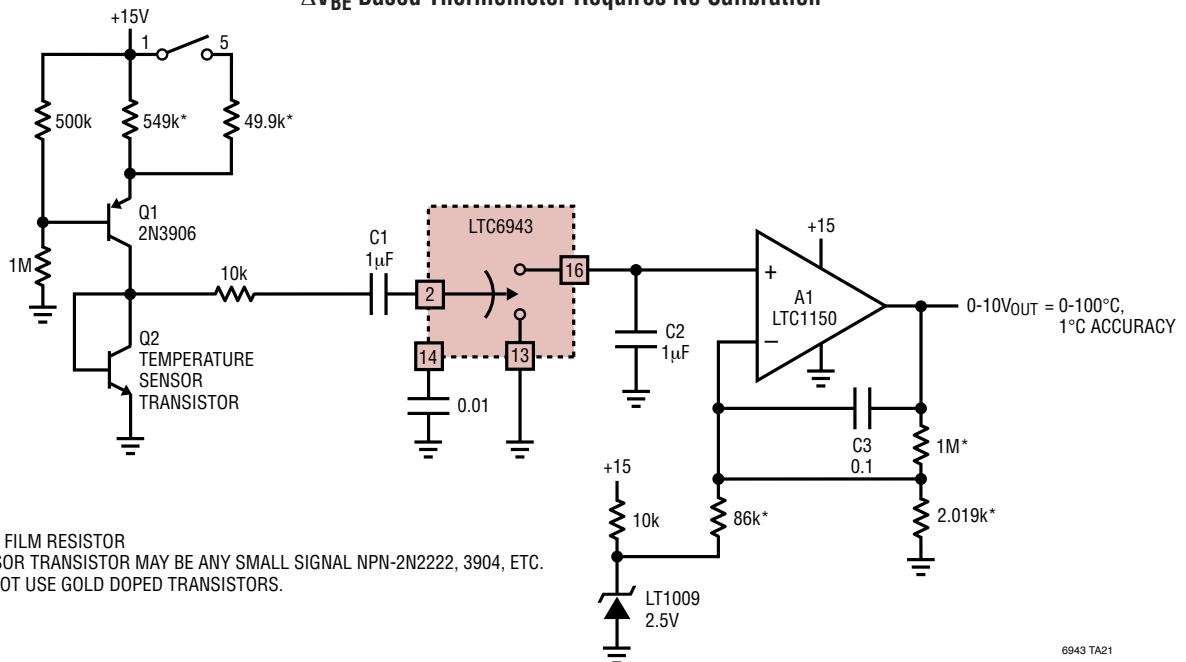
6943 TA20

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Linear Variable Differential Transformer (LVDT), Signal Conditioner

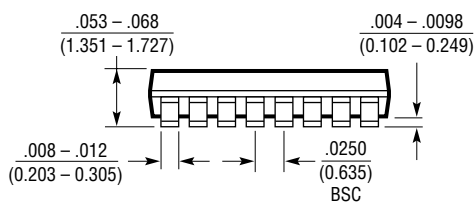
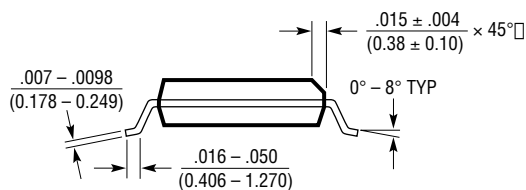
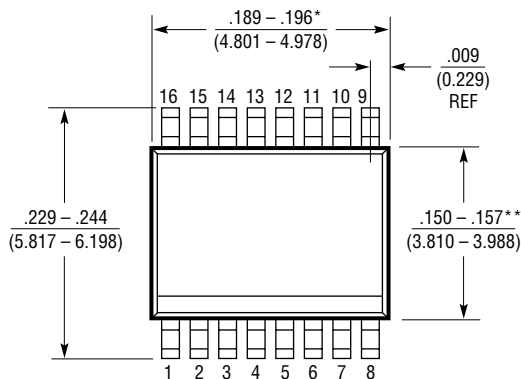
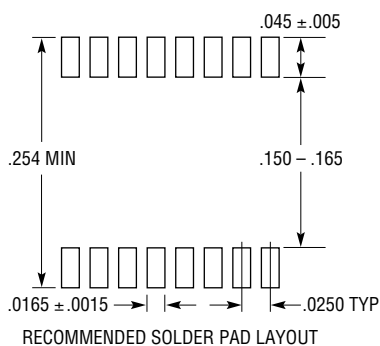


ΔV_{BE} Based Thermometer Requires No Calibration



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

GN Package 16-Lead Plastic SSOP (Narrow .150 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1641)

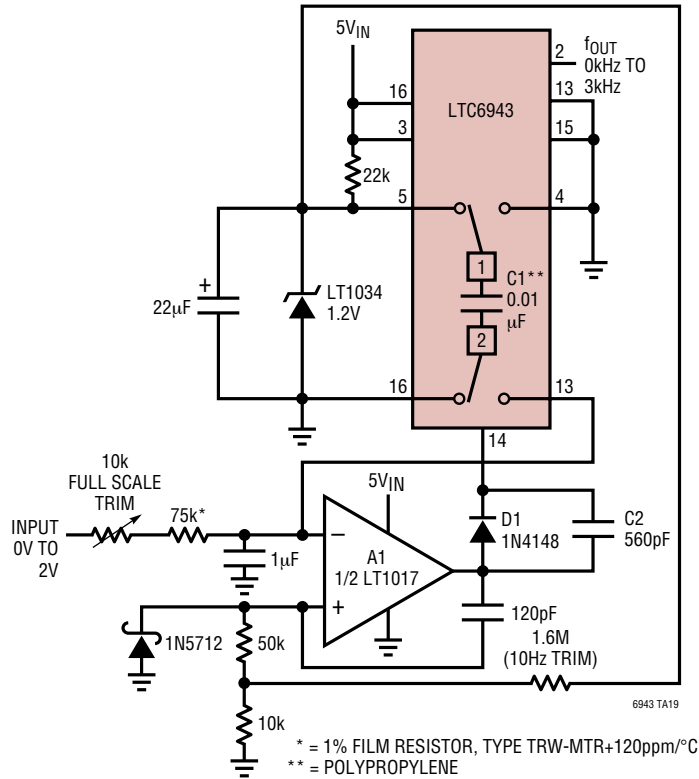


- NOTE:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES
 2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN $\frac{\text{INCHES}}{\text{MILLIMETERS}}$
 3. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- *DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE
- **DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

GN16 (SSOP) 0502

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

5V Powered Voltage-to-Frequency Converter



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC1043	Dual Precision Instrumentation Switched Cap, Building Block	120dB CMRR, 3V to 18V Operation
LTC1152	Rail-to-Rail In/Out, Zero Drift Op Amp	Operates Up to 14V Supply Voltage
LTC2050	Zero Drift Op Amp	Single Supply Operation on 2.7V to 11V, SOT-23 Package
LTC2051	Zero Drift Dual Op Amp	Dual LTC2050, 8-Lead DFN, MS8 Packages
LTC2052	Zero Drift Quad Op Amp	Dual LTC2050, GN16 Package
LTC2053	Precision, Rail-to-Rail Zero Drift I.A.	120dB CMRR at Low Gains
LTC2054	Low Power, Zero Drift Op Amp	150µA Supply Current, SOT-23 Package
LTC6800	Low Cost, Rail-to-Rail I.A.	$V_{OS(MAX)} = 100\mu V$, DFN 8 Package
LTC6915	Precision Instrumentation Amplifier with Digitally Programmable Gain	14 Levels of Programmable Gain, 125dB CMRR

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

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[LTC6943CGN#TRPBF](#)